NORTON & SMITH, P.C.

Charles E. Norton Frin M. Smith Attorneys at Law 600 17th Street, Suite 2150S Denver, Colorado 80202-1555 Telephone (303) 292-6400 Facsimile (303) 292-6401 Of Counsel
Alicia M. Garcia
Emily B. Naes

The Phillips Law Office, LLC

August 31, 2022

VIA EMAIL: clerk@parkeronline.org

Town Clerk, Town of Parker 20120 E. Mainstreet Parker, CO 80138-7334

Re: Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 Annual Report

Dear Town Clerk:

Pursuant to the Service Plan for Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2, the District hereby submits its annual report. This report reflects the District's activities and financial events from January 1 through December 31, 2022. Capitalized terms used herein have the meanings as defined in the Service Plan.

10.11.040 - Required annual report. - Not later than September 1 of each calendar year, each District shall file an annual report (the "annual report") with the Town Clerk, the requirements of which may be waived in whole or in part by the Town Council, if such reporting requirements place an undue hardship on such District. The annual report shall reflect activity and financial events of the District through the preceding December 31 (the "report year"). The annual report shall include the following:

10.11.040 (1) A list of public infrastructure the District conducted or installed during the report year, and a schedule for the construction or installation of future public infrastructure, as well as any maintenance operations or activities the District plans to undertake in the upcoming year:

None.

10.11.040 (2) Except when exemption from audit has been granted for the report year under the Local Government Audit Law, the audited financial statements of the District for the report year, including a statement of financial condition (i.e., balance sheet) as of December 31 of the report year and the statement of operations (i.e., revenues and expenditures) for the report year:

The District has filed an Audit for the year ending December 31, 2022. A copy of the 2022 Audit is enclosed with this Report as Exhibit 1.

Town Clerk, Town of Parker August 31, 2023 Page 2

10.11.040 (3) Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the capital expenditures incurred by the District in development of public improvements in the report year, as well as any capital improvements or projects proposed to be undertaken in the five (5) years following the report year:

The 2022 Audit is enclosed with this Report.

10.11.040 (4) Unless disclosed within a separate schedule to the financial statements, a summary of the financial obligations of the District at the end of the report year, including the amount of outstanding indebtedness, the amount and terms of any new District indebtedness or long-term obligations issued in the report year, the amount of payment or retirement of existing indebtedness of the District in the report year, the total assessed valuation of all taxable properties within the District as of January 1 of the report year and the current mill levy of the District pledged to debt retirement in the report year:

The District issued Series 2019A Bonds on April 3, 2019 in the amount of \$7,800,000.00. Principal payments are due beginning December 1, 2024. The District pledged a tax levy of 40.000 mills to Debt service in 2022. As of January 1, 2023, the District's total assessed valuation of all taxable properties within the District was \$4,232,710 (Certificate of Valuation).

10.11.040 (5) The District's budget for the calendar year in which the *annual* report is submitted:

The District's 2023 budget is enclosed with this letter as Exhibit 2.

10.11.040 (6) A summary of residential and commercial development in the District for the report year:

Project Description	Property Owner	Facility Size (Approximate)	Acreage (Approximate)	Anticipated Completion Date
Denver Mattress	Furniture Row	10,971 sq feet	1.0 Acre	Q2, 2024
Panda Express QSR	CFT NV	Unknown	1.0 Acre	Unknown
Restaurant	Development LLC			
Remaining General		43,325 sq feet	6.36 Acres	None planned at
Retail Parcels				this time.

10.11.040 (7) A summary of all fees, charges and assessments imposed by the District as of January 1 of the report year:

The District imposed no fees, charges, or assessments as of December 31, 2022.

10.11.040 (8) Certification of the Board that no action, event or condition enumerated in <u>Section 10.11.060</u> below has occurred in the report year or certification that such event has

Town Clerk, Town of Parker August 31, 2023 Page 3

occurred but that an amendment to the service plan that allows such event has been approved by the Town Council:

The Board certifies that no action, event, or condition enumerated in Town Code section 10.11.060 occurred in 2022, and thus no amendment to the Service Plan is necessary. This annual report is being filed as of the date above and subject thereto, the Board certifies that the District is in compliance with all provisions of the Service Plan for 2022.

10.11.040 (9) The name, business address and telephone number of each member of the Board and its chief administrative officer and general counsel, together with the date, place and time of the regular meetings of the Board:

The District schedules regular meetings at needed at the offices of NexGen Properties, LLC, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 800, Greenwood Village, Colorado. The name, business addresses, and telephone numbers of the District's Board members, chief administrative officer, and general counsel are as follows:

Board Members:

Travis McNeil, President - Treasurer 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 800 Greenwood Village, CO 80111 (303) 751-9230

Paul Joseph Knopinski, Secretary 7629 S. Platte Canyon Dr. Littleton, CO 80128 (720) 480-9670

Matthew Bernstein – Director 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 800 Greenwood Village, CO 80111 (303) 751-9230

Karen Inman 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 800 Greenwood Village, CO 80111 (303) 751-9230

Nathan Shinn 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 800 Greenwood Village, CO 80111 (303) 751-9230 Town Clerk, Town of Parker August 31, 2023 Page 4

General Counsel:

Erin M. Smith NORTON & SMITH, P.C. 600 17th Street, Suite 2150S Denver, CO 80202 (303) 292-6400

Chief Administrative Officer:

None at this time.

10.11.040 (10) Certification from the Board of the District that the District is in compliance with all provisions of the service plan;

The Board certifies that the District is in compliance with all provisions of the First Amendment to the Service Plan, dated December 15, 2010.

10.11.040 (11) A copy of the most recent notice issued by the District, pursuant to Section 32-1-809, C.R.S.:

A copy of the District's Notice to Electors pursuant to Section 32-1-809, C.R.S. is attached as Exhibit 3.

10.11.040 (12) A copy of any intergovernmental agreements entered into by the District since the filing of the last annual report.

The District did not enter into any new intergovernmental agreements in 2022.

Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions regarding the contents of this annual report.

Sincerely,

NORTON & SMITH, P.C.

Erin M. Smith

Enclosures

EXHIBIT 1

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Board of Directors Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 Douglas County, Colorado

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wippei LLP

June 21, 2023



WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 27,683
Cash and Investments - Restricted	514,834
Receivable - County Treasurer	1,291
Due From Other Districts	1,163
Property Taxes Receivable	203,170
Prepaid Expenses	2,076
Total Assets	750,217
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	6,281
Accrued Interest Payable	34,938
Noncurrent Liabilities:	0 1,000
Due in More Than One Year	7,800,000
Total Liabilities	7,841,219
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	203,170
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	203,170
Total Deterred filliows of Resources	200,170
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	1,200
Debt Service	157,175
Unrestricted	(7,452,547)
Total Net Position	\$ (7,294,172)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Expen	ses	Charge for Service		O Gr	m Revenues perating ants and ntributions	Car Grant	oital is and outions	(Exp C No Go	t Revenues benses) and Change in et Position vernmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		2,791 5,795	\$	- -	\$	- 196,896	\$	- -	\$	(32,791) (228,899)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 45	8,586	\$		\$	196,896	\$	_		(261,690)
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues							_	204,232 18,003 11,121 233,356	
	CHANGE	IN NET	POSITION							(28,334)
	Net Position - Beginning of Year								(7,265,838)	
	NET POS	ITION - E	END OF YEA	.R					\$	(7,294,172)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS		General	 Debt Service	Total Governmental Fund		
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Due From Other Districts Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses Total Assets	\$	27,683 1,200 215 - 33,862 2,076 65,036	\$ 513,634 1,076 1,163 169,308 - 685,181	\$	27,683 514,834 1,291 1,163 203,170 2,076	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities		6,281 6,281	 <u>-</u> _		6,281 6,281	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		33,862 33,862	169,308 169,308		203,170	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense		2,076	-		2,076	
Restricted for: Emergency Reserves Debt Service Unassigned		1,200 - 21,617	515,873 -		1,200 515,873 21,617	
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	24,893 65,036	\$ 515,873 685,181		540,766	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state net position are different because:		·	 ,.			
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not of and payable in the current period and, therefore, are no reported in the funds.						
Bonds Payable Accrued Bond Interest					(7,800,000) (34,938)	
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$ ((7,294,172)	

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	G	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	34,039	\$ 170,193	\$	204,232	
Specific Ownership Taxes		3,000	15,003		18,003	
Interest Income		623	 10,498		11,121	
Total Revenues		37,662	195,694		233,356	
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		16,724	-		16,724	
County Treasurer's Fees		511	2,545		3,056	
Dues and Subscriptions		279	-		279	
Audit		4,500	-		4,500	
Election		809	-		809	
Insurance and Bonds		2,140	-		2,140	
Legal Services		7,828	-		7,828	
Bond Interest - Senior Bonds		-	419,250		419,250	
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		-	 4,000		4,000	
Total Expenditures		32,791	425,795		458,586	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,871	(230,101)		(225,230)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from Westcreek MD No. 1		-	196,896		196,896	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	196,896		196,896	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		4,871	(33,205)		(28,334)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		20,022	549,078		569,100	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	24,893	\$ 515,873	\$	540,766	

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (28,334)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (28,334)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

DEVENUE	-	ginal and al Budget		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	33,931	\$	34,039	\$	108	
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	2,714	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	286	
Interest Income		23		623		600	
Total Revenues		36,668		37,662		994	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		19,000		16,724		2,276	
County Treasurer's Fees		509		511		(2)	
Dues and Licenses		300		279		21	
Audit		3,500		4,500		(1,000)	
Insurance and Bonds		2,300		2,140		160	
Legal Services		7,000		7,828		(828)	
Election		2,500		809		1,691	
Contingency	•	595		-		595	
Total Expenditures	-	35,704		32,791		2,913	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		964		4,871		3,907	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		22,579		20,022		(2,557)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	23,543	\$	24,893	\$	1,350	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, located entirely in the Town of Parker, Douglas County, Colorado, was organized on January 9, 2007, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide for the design, construction, acquisition, and financing of certain public improvements including street, safety protection, water, sanitation, storm drainage, mosquito control, and park and recreation facilities and improvements. The District operates pursuant to a Service Plan, as approved on November 7, 2006, by the Town of Parker. The first amendment to the service plan was approved on January 24, 2011. According to the amended service plan, the District's debt is limited to an Intergovernmental Agreement with District No. 1 whereby District No. 1 pledges its mill levy and other revenue sources for the payment of District No. 2's debt.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including District No. 1.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 27,683
Cash and Investments - Restricted	514,834
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 542,517

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 21,470
Investments	 521,047
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 542,517

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$21,470.

Investments

The District's formal investment policy is to follow state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
ColoTrust Plus	Weighted-Average	_
	Under 60 Days	\$ 521,047

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Balance -					Balance -	Due
	De	cember 31,				De	cember 31,	Within
		2021	 Additions	Re	ductions		2022	One Year
Governmental Activities:								
G.O. Limited Tax Bonds								
Series 2019A Bonds	\$	7,800,000	\$ 	\$		\$	7,800,000	\$ =_
Total	\$	7,800,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,800,000	\$ -

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A (the Series 2019A Bonds)

Bond Details

The District issued the Series 2019A Bonds on April 3, 2019, in the par amount of \$7,800,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2019A Bonds were applied to: (a) pay for a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing certain public improvements; (b) fund the Reserve Fund; (c) fund capitalized interest; and (d) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds.

The Series 2019A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.375% and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2024. The Series 2019A Bonds mature on December 1, 2048. To the extent the principal of any Series 2019A Bond is not paid when due, such principal will remain outstanding until paid and continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the Series 2019A Bonds, subject to discharge on December 1, 2060. To the extent interest is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the Series 2019A Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Optional Redemption

The Series 2019A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
June 1, 2024 to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025 to May 31, 2026	2.00
June 1, 2026 to May 31, 2027	1.00
June 1, 2027 and Thereafter	0.00

District Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio and that would generate Property Tax Revenues which, together with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, will be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds (less any amounts on deposit in the Series 2019A Bond Fund and, solely to the extent provided in the Indenture, the Surplus Fund and the Reserve Fund) and to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, but not in excess of 50 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) less the Administrative Expenses Deduction.

For so long as the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount or any portion of the Surplus Fund is taken into account in determining the mill levy that would be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, the District Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 40 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted), or such lesser amount that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio which, if imposed by the District for collection in the succeeding calendar year, would, together with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, generate Property Tax Revenues (A) sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, and to fully fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount, or (B) which, when combined with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues and with moneys in the Bond Fund, the Surplus Fund, and the Reserve Fund, will pay the Series 2019A Bonds in full in the year such levy is collected.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to a Senior Capital Pledge Agreement by and among the District, Westcreek District No. 1 (District No. 1 or the Taxing District), and the Trustee (the Senior Pledge Agreement), District No. 1 has covenanted to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of District No. 1 each year in an amount determined by the District that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio and that would generate Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, which, together with the District Property Tax Revenues, will be equal to the Annual Financing Costs, but not in excess of 35 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) less the Administrative Expenses Deduction.

For so long as the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount (or to the extent otherwise required by any Additional Senior Obligation document to fund Financing Costs) or any portion of the Surplus Fund is taken into account in determining the mill levy that would be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 30 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted), or such lesser amount determined by the District that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio, which together with the District Property Tax Revenue, would generate Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenue sufficient (A) (i) to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds and any additional Senior Obligations, (ii) to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement and to replenish any reserve fund securing Additional Senior Obligations to the amount required by the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, and (iii) to fully fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount and to fund any other surplus fund securing Additional Senior Obligations to the amount required by the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, or (B) when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Series 2019A Bond Fund, the Reserve Fund, and the Surplus Fund, and any similar funds available and securing Additional Senior Obligations in accordance with the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, will pay the Series 2019A Bonds and such Additional Senior Obligations in full in the year such mill levy is collected.

Relative Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Indenture, the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio means the relationship of the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy imposed by the District and the Taxing District, respectively, vis a vis each other represented by the imposition of 40 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) by the District and 30 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) by the Taxing District (i.e., a ratio of 40 (Gallagher-Adjusted as necessary for the District): 30 (Gallagher-Adjusted as necessary for the Taxing District)). As a result of the reduction in the residential assessment ratio for the 2017 mill levy year, the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio, as adjusted pursuant to the definition of the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy, is 33.399 mills for the Taxing District and 40.000 mills for the District as of the date of issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Gallagher-Adjusted

Gallagher-Adjusted means an increase or decrease (as applicable) to a mill levy imposed by the District or the Taxing District (to be made for mill levies imposed by each such District separately), to occur in the event the method of calculating assessed valuation has or is changed after January 1, 2006, such increases or decreases to be determined by the Board in good faith (in consultation with the Taxing District as it pertains to the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy) (such determination to be binding and final) so that to the extent possible, the actual tax revenues generated by the applicable mill levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of such changes. For purposes of the foregoing, a change in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation shall be deemed to be a change in the method of calculating assessed valuation.

Administrative Expenses Deduction

The Administrative Expenses Deduction for each District means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the respective District in an amount sufficient to generate revenues resulting in an amount up to (a) for collection year 2020, \$35,000, and (b) for each year thereafter, an amount up to (i) the maximum Administrative Expenses Deduction for the prior year, plus (ii) 1% of the maximum Administrative Expenses Deduction for the prior year.

Pledged Revenue

District Pledged Revenue consists of the following, net of any costs of collection:

- (a) all Property Tax Revenue (generally defined as moneys derived by the District from the imposition by the District of the District Required Mill Levy);
- (b) all Specific Ownership Tax Revenue;
- (c) all Senior Pledge Agreement Revenue (which means all revenues pledged and payable by the Taxing District to the District and Trustee pursuant to the Senior Pledge Agreement);
- (d) all Capital Fees, if any; and,
- (e) any other legally available amounts which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Taxing District Senior Pledged Revenue consists of the following revenues pledged pursuant to the Senior Pledge Agreement, net of any costs of collection:

- (a) all Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenue (generally defined as moneys derived by District No. 1 from the imposition by District No. 1 of the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy);
- (b) all Taxing District Specific Ownership Tax Revenue:
- (c) all Taxing District Capital Fees, if any.

Neither the District nor the Taxing District currently impose Capital Fees.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pledged Revenue (Continued)

The Series 2019A Bonds are additionally secured by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund and by capitalized interest, both of which were funded from proceeds of the Series 2019A Bonds, and by amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund. The Surplus Fund was not funded from proceeds of the Series 2019A Bonds.

Reserve Fund

The Series 2019A Bonds are also secured by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement of \$322,678. If a withdrawal is made from the Reserve Fund that reduces the balance below the Reserve Requirement, each District shall include in the computation of its next mill levy certification the amount necessary to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement (subject to the limitations of the District Required Mill Levy).

It is intended that amounts in the Surplus Fund and the Project Fund are to be transferred to the Series 2019A Bond Fund prior to any transfer of moneys from the Reserve Fund to the Series 2019A Bond Fund. Amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund on the final maturity date of the Series 2019A Bonds shall be applied to the payment of the Series 2019A Bonds on such date. The availability of such amount shall be taken into account in calculating the Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy to be imposed in the levy year prior to the year of the final maturity of the Series 2019A Bonds.

Surplus Fund

The Series 2019A Bonds are further secured by amounts, if any, accumulated in the Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$780,000. The Surplus Fund shall be funded solely from deposits of annual District Pledged Revenue and Taxing District Senior Pledged Revenue in excess of that needed to pay annual debt service. At the discretion of the District, amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund (if any) may be taken into account in calculating the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy.

On the final maturity date of the Series 2019A Bonds, amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund (if any) shall be applied to the payment of the Series 2019A Bonds and the availability of such amount shall be taken into account in calculating the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy to be imposed in the levy year prior to the year of the final maturity of the Series 2019A Bonds. The balance in the Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, was \$-0-.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2019A Bonds Debt Service

The District's long-term obligations relating to the Senior 2019 Bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 419,250	\$ 419,250
2024	100,000	419,250	519,250
2025	105,000	413,875	518,875
2026	120,000	408,231	528,231
2027	130,000	401,781	531,781
2028-2032	850,000	1,889,850	2,739,850
2033-2037	1,265,000	1,619,756	2,884,756
2038-2042	1,800,000	1,225,501	3,025,501
2043-2047	2,500,000	670,532	3,170,532
2048	930,000	49,987	979,987
Total	\$ 7,800,000	\$ 7,518,013	\$ 15,318,013

The District has no operating or capital leases.

Authorized Debt

On November 7, 2006 and January 24, 2011, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$153,000,000. In the January 24, 2006 election, a majority of the qualified electors of the District voted solely for a phased tax increase up to \$800,000 annually. Remaining authorized but unissued debt at December 31, 2022, is as follows:

		Authorized ember 7, 2006 Election	Authorized January 24, 2011 Election		Authorization Used Series 2019A		Remaining at December 31, 2022	
011-	_						•	
Streets	\$	2,000,000	\$	15,000,000	\$	6,633,146	\$	10,366,854
Water		2,000,000		15,000,000		770,253		16,229,747
Sanitary Sewer		2,000,000		15,000,000		228,039		16,771,961
Parks and Recreation		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Traffic and Safety		2,000,000		15,000,000		168,562		16,831,438
Public Transportation		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Operations and Maintenance		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Debt Refunding		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Intergovernmental Contracts		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Total	\$	18,000,000	\$	135,000,000	\$	7,800,000	\$	145,200,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan, District No. 1 and No. 2 are permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$7,800,000 combined. The District has issued all debt under their service plan cap. In the future, the District will require a service plan amendment if they choose to issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergency Reserves \$ 1,200

Debt Service \$ 157,175

Total Restricted Net Position \$ 158,375

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Westcreek Metro District Holdings, LLC. The majority members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, the District's voters elected to increase property taxes \$100,000, annually, or by lessor amount as may be necessary to pay the District's operational and maintenance costs, such taxes to consist of an ad valorem mill levy imposed without limitation of rate or with such limitations as may be determined by the board.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	169,654	\$	170,193	\$	539	
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	13,572	Ψ	15,003	Ψ	1,431	
Interest Income		529		10,498		9,969	
Total Revenues		183,755		195,694		11,939	
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's Fees		2,545		2,545		-	
Bond Interest - Senior Bonds		419,250		419,250		-	
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		4,000		4,000			
Total Expenditures		425,795		425,795		_	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(242,040)		(230,101)		11,939	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from Westcreek MD No. 1		195,186		196,896		1,710	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		195,186		196,896		1,710	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(46,854)		(33,205)		13,649	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		549,698		549,078		(620)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	502,844	\$	515,873	\$	13,029	

OTHER INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$7,800,000 2019A General Obligation Bonds Principal Payable December 1 5.375% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

	June 1 and December 1					
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2023	\$ -	\$ 419,250	\$ 419,250			
2024	100,000	419,250	519,250			
2025	105,000	413,875	518,875			
2026	120,000	408,231	528,231			
2027	130,000	401,781	531,781			
2028	145,000	394,794	539,794			
2029	155,000	387,000	542,000			
2030	170,000	378,669	548,669			
2031	180,000	369,531	549,531			
2032	200,000	359,856	559,856			
2033	215,000	349,106	564,106			
2034	235,000	337,550	572,550			
2035	250,000	324,919	574,919			
2036	275,000	311,481	586,481			
2037	290,000	296,700	586,700			
2038	315,000	281,113	596,113			
2039	330,000	264,181	594,181			
2040	360,000	246,444	606,444			
2041	380,000	227,094	607,094			
2042	415,000	206,669	621,669			
2043	435,000	184,363	619,363			
2044	470,000	160,981	630,981			
2045	495,000	135,719	630,719			
2046	535,000	109,113	644,113			
2047	565,000	80,356	645,356			
2048	930,000	49,987	979,987			
Total	\$ 7,800,000	\$ 7,518,013	\$ 15,318,013			

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ending	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property	Mills L	evied for		Total Prop	perty ⁻	Taxes	Percent Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Debt Service			Collected	to Levied
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 1,810,900 1,793,670 1,953,570 4,415,980 4,241,350	50.000 50.000 10.000 8.000 8.000	0.000 0.000 40.000 40.000 40.000	\$	90,545 89,684 97,679 211,967 203,585	\$	90,545 89,684 97,679 211,967 204,232	100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2023	\$ 4,232,710	8.000	40.000	\$	203,170			

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF ANNUAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF ANNUAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019 DECEMBER 31, 2022

2022 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

		Percent of		Percent of		
	Assessed	Assessed	"Actual"	"Actual"		
<u>Class</u>	Valuation		Valuation Valuation Valuat		Valuation	Valuation
Commercial	\$ 3,763,570	77.57 %	\$ 12,977,836	77.04 %		
State assessed	6,000	0.01	20,655	-		
Vacant Land	463,140	22.42	1,597,088	22.96		
Total	\$ 4,232,710	100.00 %	\$ 14,595,579	100.00 %		

2022 Largest Taxpayers Within the District

		Percent of
	2022 Assessed	Total Assessed
<u>Name</u>	Valuation ¹	Valuation
Parker Hotel Investors LLC	\$ 2,850,670	67.35 %
BGN Ventures LTD	594,500	14.05
Nexgen Westcreek Holdings LLC	402,190	9.50
Buchtel Realty Investors Parker LLC	278,320	6.58
FR Extex LLC	30,270	0.72
7-Eleven INC	14,910	0.35
Dwellings LLC	14,600	0.34
Big 5 Sporting Goods	10,570	0.25
Total	\$ 4,196,030	99.14 %

¹ Based on the 2022 Lot by Lot report received from the county on March 1, 2023 with valuation of \$4,232,710

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

June 22, 2023

Board of Directors Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2

Dear Board of Directors:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 (the "District") for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit:

Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America

As stated in our engagement letter dated November 7, 2022, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope, timing, and with respect to significant risks identified by us, all of which were previously communicated, in addition to our engagement letter dated November 7, 2022, accepted by Travis McNeil.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022.

We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. We determined no accounting estimates that were considered significant to the financial statements as a whole that would require evaluation of assumptions used to determine the estimate.

Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 June 22, 2023 Page 2

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. There were no financial statement disclosures that were considered particularly sensitive to financial statement users in our opinion.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We had no identified misstatements as a result of our audit.

Disagreements With Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 21, 2023.

Management Consultations With Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not, in our judgment, a condition of our retention.

Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 June 22, 2023 Page 3

Other Matters

Supplementary Information Accompanying Audited Financial Statements

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

The auditor's responsibility for other information in documents containing audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in our report, and we have no obligation to perform any procedures to corroborate other information contained in a document. Our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, is materially inconsistent with information, or the manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements. We are not aware of any documents or other information containing audited financial statements.

Internal Control Matters

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, and therefore significant deficiencies and material weaknesses may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and, if appropriate, management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 June 22, 2023 Page 4

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2.

Sincerely,

Wipfli LLP Lakewood, CO June 22, 2023

Wippei LLP



WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 27,683
Cash and Investments - Restricted	514,834
Receivable - County Treasurer	1,291
Due From Other Districts	1,163
Property Taxes Receivable	203,170
Prepaid Expenses	2,076
Total Assets	750,217
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	6,281
Accrued Interest Payable	34,938
Noncurrent Liabilities:	0 1,000
Due in More Than One Year	7,800,000
Total Liabilities	7,841,219
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	203,170
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	203,170
Total Deterred filliows of Resources	200,170
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	1,200
Debt Service	157,175
Unrestricted	(7,452,547)
Total Net Position	\$ (7,294,172)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Expen	ses	Charge for Service		O Gr	m Revenues perating ants and ntributions	Car Grant	oital is and outions	(Exp C No Go	t Revenues benses) and Change in et Position vernmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		2,791 5,795	\$	- -	\$	- 196,896	\$	- -	\$	(32,791) (228,899)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 45	8,586	\$		\$	196,896	\$			(261,690)
	Net Inve	/ Taxes Ownershestment I	nip Taxes						_	204,232 18,003 11,121 233,356
	CHANGE	IN NET	POSITION							(28,334)
	Net Positi	on - Begi	nning of Yea	r						(7,265,838)
	NET POS	ITION - E	END OF YEA	.R					\$	(7,294,172)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	 General	 Debt Service	Gov	Total /ernmental Fund
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Due From Other Districts Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expenses Total Assets	\$ 27,683 1,200 215 - 33,862 2,076 65,036	\$ 513,634 1,076 1,163 169,308 - 685,181	\$	27,683 514,834 1,291 1,163 203,170 2,076
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	 6,281 6,281	 <u>-</u> _		6,281 6,281
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 33,862 33,862	169,308 169,308		203,170
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense	2,076	-		2,076
Restricted for: Emergency Reserves Debt Service Unassigned	1,200 - 21,617	515,873 -		1,200 515,873 21,617
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 24,893	\$ 515,873 685,181		540,766
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state net position are different because:	 ·	 ,.		
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not of and payable in the current period and, therefore, are no reported in the funds.				
Bonds Payable Accrued Bond Interest				(7,800,000) (34,938)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ ((7,294,172)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	G	Debt General Service				Debt Governi		Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	34,039	\$	170,193	\$	204,232		
Specific Ownership Taxes		3,000		15,003		18,003		
Interest Income		623		10,498		11,121		
Total Revenues		37,662		195,694		233,356		
EXPENDITURES								
Accounting		16,724		-		16,724		
County Treasurer's Fees		511		2,545		3,056		
Dues and Subscriptions		279		-		279		
Audit		4,500		-		4,500		
Election		809		-		809		
Insurance and Bonds		2,140		-		2,140		
Legal Services		7,828		-		7,828		
Bond Interest - Senior Bonds		-		419,250		419,250		
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		-		4,000		4,000		
Total Expenditures		32,791		425,795		458,586		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,871		(230,101)		(225,230)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers from Westcreek MD No. 1		_		196,896		196,896		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		196,896		196,896		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		4,871		(33,205)		(28,334)		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		20,022		549,078		569,100		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	24,893	\$	515,873	\$	540,766		

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (28,334)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (28,334)

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

DEVENUE	-	ginal and al Budget		Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	33,931	\$	34,039	\$	108
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	2,714	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	286
Interest Income		23		623		600
Total Revenues		36,668		37,662		994
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		19,000		16,724		2,276
County Treasurer's Fees		509		511		(2)
Dues and Licenses		300		279		21
Audit		3,500		4,500		(1,000)
Insurance and Bonds		2,300		2,140		160
Legal Services		7,000		7,828		(828)
Election		2,500		809		1,691
Contingency	•	595		-		595
Total Expenditures	-	35,704		32,791		2,913
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		964		4,871		3,907
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		22,579		20,022		(2,557)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	23,543	\$	24,893	\$	1,350

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, located entirely in the Town of Parker, Douglas County, Colorado, was organized on January 9, 2007, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide for the design, construction, acquisition, and financing of certain public improvements including street, safety protection, water, sanitation, storm drainage, mosquito control, and park and recreation facilities and improvements. The District operates pursuant to a Service Plan, as approved on November 7, 2006, by the Town of Parker. The first amendment to the service plan was approved on January 24, 2011. According to the amended service plan, the District's debt is limited to an Intergovernmental Agreement with District No. 1 whereby District No. 1 pledges its mill levy and other revenue sources for the payment of District No. 2's debt.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including District No. 1.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 27,683
Cash and Investments - Restricted	514,834
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 542,517

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 21,470
Investments	 521,047
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 542,517

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$21,470.

Investments

The District's formal investment policy is to follow state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
ColoTrust Plus	Weighted-Average	_
	Under 60 Days	\$ 521,047

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Balance -					Balance -	Due
	De	cember 31,				De	cember 31,	Within
		2021	 dditions	Re	ductions		2022	One Year
Governmental Activities:								
G.O. Limited Tax Bonds								
Series 2019A Bonds	\$	7,800,000	\$ 	\$		\$	7,800,000	\$ =_
Total	\$	7,800,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,800,000	\$ -

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A (the Series 2019A Bonds)

Bond Details

The District issued the Series 2019A Bonds on April 3, 2019, in the par amount of \$7,800,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2019A Bonds were applied to: (a) pay for a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing certain public improvements; (b) fund the Reserve Fund; (c) fund capitalized interest; and (d) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds.

The Series 2019A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.375% and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2024. The Series 2019A Bonds mature on December 1, 2048. To the extent the principal of any Series 2019A Bond is not paid when due, such principal will remain outstanding until paid and continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the Series 2019A Bonds, subject to discharge on December 1, 2060. To the extent interest is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the Series 2019A Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Optional Redemption

The Series 2019A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
June 1, 2024 to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025 to May 31, 2026	2.00
June 1, 2026 to May 31, 2027	1.00
June 1, 2027 and Thereafter	0.00

District Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio and that would generate Property Tax Revenues which, together with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, will be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds (less any amounts on deposit in the Series 2019A Bond Fund and, solely to the extent provided in the Indenture, the Surplus Fund and the Reserve Fund) and to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, but not in excess of 50 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) less the Administrative Expenses Deduction.

For so long as the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount or any portion of the Surplus Fund is taken into account in determining the mill levy that would be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, the District Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 40 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted), or such lesser amount that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio which, if imposed by the District for collection in the succeeding calendar year, would, together with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, generate Property Tax Revenues (A) sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, and to fully fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount, or (B) which, when combined with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues and with moneys in the Bond Fund, the Surplus Fund, and the Reserve Fund, will pay the Series 2019A Bonds in full in the year such levy is collected.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to a Senior Capital Pledge Agreement by and among the District, Westcreek District No. 1 (District No. 1 or the Taxing District), and the Trustee (the Senior Pledge Agreement), District No. 1 has covenanted to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of District No. 1 each year in an amount determined by the District that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio and that would generate Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, which, together with the District Property Tax Revenues, will be equal to the Annual Financing Costs, but not in excess of 35 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) less the Administrative Expenses Deduction.

For so long as the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount (or to the extent otherwise required by any Additional Senior Obligation document to fund Financing Costs) or any portion of the Surplus Fund is taken into account in determining the mill levy that would be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 30 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted), or such lesser amount determined by the District that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio, which together with the District Property Tax Revenue, would generate Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenue sufficient (A) (i) to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds and any additional Senior Obligations, (ii) to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement and to replenish any reserve fund securing Additional Senior Obligations to the amount required by the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, and (iii) to fully fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount and to fund any other surplus fund securing Additional Senior Obligations to the amount required by the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, or (B) when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Series 2019A Bond Fund, the Reserve Fund, and the Surplus Fund, and any similar funds available and securing Additional Senior Obligations in accordance with the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, will pay the Series 2019A Bonds and such Additional Senior Obligations in full in the year such mill levy is collected.

Relative Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Indenture, the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio means the relationship of the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy imposed by the District and the Taxing District, respectively, vis a vis each other represented by the imposition of 40 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) by the District and 30 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) by the Taxing District (i.e., a ratio of 40 (Gallagher-Adjusted as necessary for the District): 30 (Gallagher-Adjusted as necessary for the Taxing District)). As a result of the reduction in the residential assessment ratio for the 2017 mill levy year, the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio, as adjusted pursuant to the definition of the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy, is 33.399 mills for the Taxing District and 40.000 mills for the District as of the date of issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Gallagher-Adjusted

Gallagher-Adjusted means an increase or decrease (as applicable) to a mill levy imposed by the District or the Taxing District (to be made for mill levies imposed by each such District separately), to occur in the event the method of calculating assessed valuation has or is changed after January 1, 2006, such increases or decreases to be determined by the Board in good faith (in consultation with the Taxing District as it pertains to the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy) (such determination to be binding and final) so that to the extent possible, the actual tax revenues generated by the applicable mill levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of such changes. For purposes of the foregoing, a change in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation shall be deemed to be a change in the method of calculating assessed valuation.

Administrative Expenses Deduction

The Administrative Expenses Deduction for each District means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the respective District in an amount sufficient to generate revenues resulting in an amount up to (a) for collection year 2020, \$35,000, and (b) for each year thereafter, an amount up to (i) the maximum Administrative Expenses Deduction for the prior year, plus (ii) 1% of the maximum Administrative Expenses Deduction for the prior year.

Pledged Revenue

District Pledged Revenue consists of the following, net of any costs of collection:

- (a) all Property Tax Revenue (generally defined as moneys derived by the District from the imposition by the District of the District Required Mill Levy);
- (b) all Specific Ownership Tax Revenue;
- (c) all Senior Pledge Agreement Revenue (which means all revenues pledged and payable by the Taxing District to the District and Trustee pursuant to the Senior Pledge Agreement);
- (d) all Capital Fees, if any; and,
- (e) any other legally available amounts which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to credit to the Bond Fund.

Taxing District Senior Pledged Revenue consists of the following revenues pledged pursuant to the Senior Pledge Agreement, net of any costs of collection:

- (a) all Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenue (generally defined as moneys derived by District No. 1 from the imposition by District No. 1 of the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy);
- (b) all Taxing District Specific Ownership Tax Revenue:
- (c) all Taxing District Capital Fees, if any.

Neither the District nor the Taxing District currently impose Capital Fees.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pledged Revenue (Continued)

The Series 2019A Bonds are additionally secured by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund and by capitalized interest, both of which were funded from proceeds of the Series 2019A Bonds, and by amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund. The Surplus Fund was not funded from proceeds of the Series 2019A Bonds.

Reserve Fund

The Series 2019A Bonds are also secured by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund in an amount equal to the Reserve Requirement of \$322,678. If a withdrawal is made from the Reserve Fund that reduces the balance below the Reserve Requirement, each District shall include in the computation of its next mill levy certification the amount necessary to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement (subject to the limitations of the District Required Mill Levy).

It is intended that amounts in the Surplus Fund and the Project Fund are to be transferred to the Series 2019A Bond Fund prior to any transfer of moneys from the Reserve Fund to the Series 2019A Bond Fund. Amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund on the final maturity date of the Series 2019A Bonds shall be applied to the payment of the Series 2019A Bonds on such date. The availability of such amount shall be taken into account in calculating the Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy to be imposed in the levy year prior to the year of the final maturity of the Series 2019A Bonds.

Surplus Fund

The Series 2019A Bonds are further secured by amounts, if any, accumulated in the Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$780,000. The Surplus Fund shall be funded solely from deposits of annual District Pledged Revenue and Taxing District Senior Pledged Revenue in excess of that needed to pay annual debt service. At the discretion of the District, amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund (if any) may be taken into account in calculating the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy.

On the final maturity date of the Series 2019A Bonds, amounts on deposit in the Surplus Fund (if any) shall be applied to the payment of the Series 2019A Bonds and the availability of such amount shall be taken into account in calculating the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy to be imposed in the levy year prior to the year of the final maturity of the Series 2019A Bonds. The balance in the Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, was \$-0-.

NOTE 4 LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2019A Bonds Debt Service

The District's long-term obligations relating to the Senior 2019 Bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 419,250	\$ 419,250
2024	100,000	419,250	519,250
2025	105,000	413,875	518,875
2026	120,000	408,231	528,231
2027	130,000	401,781	531,781
2028-2032	850,000	1,889,850	2,739,850
2033-2037	1,265,000	1,619,756	2,884,756
2038-2042	1,800,000	1,225,501	3,025,501
2043-2047	2,500,000	670,532	3,170,532
2048	930,000	49,987	979,987
Total	\$ 7,800,000	\$ 7,518,013	\$ 15,318,013

The District has no operating or capital leases.

Authorized Debt

On November 7, 2006 and January 24, 2011, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$153,000,000. In the January 24, 2006 election, a majority of the qualified electors of the District voted solely for a phased tax increase up to \$800,000 annually. Remaining authorized but unissued debt at December 31, 2022, is as follows:

	Authorized November 7, 2006 Election		Authorized January 24, 2011 Election		Authorization Used Series 2019A		Remaining at December 31, 2022	
Olerante	Φ.		•				•	
Streets	\$	2,000,000	\$	15,000,000	\$	6,633,146	\$	10,366,854
Water		2,000,000		15,000,000		770,253		16,229,747
Sanitary Sewer		2,000,000		15,000,000		228,039		16,771,961
Parks and Recreation		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Traffic and Safety		2,000,000		15,000,000		168,562		16,831,438
Public Transportation		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Operations and Maintenance		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Debt Refunding		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Intergovernmental Contracts		2,000,000		15,000,000		-		17,000,000
Total	\$	18,000,000	\$	135,000,000	\$	7,800,000	\$	145,200,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan, District No. 1 and No. 2 are permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$7,800,000 combined. The District has issued all debt under their service plan cap. In the future, the District will require a service plan amendment if they choose to issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergency Reserves \$ 1,200

Debt Service \$ 157,175

Total Restricted Net Position \$ 158,375

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY

The Developer of the property which constitutes the District is Westcreek Metro District Holdings, LLC. The majority members of the Board of Directors are employees, owners or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 7, 2006, the District's voters elected to increase property taxes \$100,000, annually, or by lessor amount as may be necessary to pay the District's operational and maintenance costs, such taxes to consist of an ad valorem mill levy imposed without limitation of rate or with such limitations as may be determined by the board.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Fir I	riance with lal Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	169,654	\$	170,193	\$	539
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	13,572	Ψ	15,003	Ψ	1,431
Interest Income		529		10,498		9,969
Total Revenues		183,755		195,694		11,939
EXPENDITURES						
County Treasurer's Fees		2,545		2,545		-
Bond Interest - Senior Bonds		419,250		419,250		-
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees		4,000		4,000		
Total Expenditures		425,795		425,795		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(242,040)		(230,101)		11,939
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from Westcreek MD No. 1		195,186		196,896		1,710
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		195,186		196,896		1,710
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(46,854)		(33,205)		13,649
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		549,698		549,078		(620)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	502,844	\$	515,873	\$	13,029

OTHER INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$7,800,000 2019A General Obligation Bonds Principal Payable December 1 5.375% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

	June 1 and December 1						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Principal Interest					
2023	\$ -	\$ 419,250	\$ 419,250				
2024	100,000	419,250	519,250				
2025	105,000	413,875	518,875				
2026	120,000	408,231	528,231				
2027	130,000	401,781	531,781				
2028	145,000	394,794	539,794				
2029	155,000	387,000	542,000				
2030	170,000	378,669	548,669				
2031	180,000	369,531	549,531				
2032	200,000	359,856	559,856				
2033	215,000	349,106	564,106				
2034	235,000	337,550	572,550				
2035	250,000	324,919	574,919				
2036	275,000	311,481	586,481				
2037	290,000	296,700	586,700				
2038	315,000	281,113	596,113				
2039	330,000	264,181	594,181				
2040	360,000	246,444	606,444				
2041	380,000	227,094	607,094				
2042	415,000	206,669	621,669				
2043	435,000	184,363	619,363				
2044	470,000	160,981	630,981				
2045	495,000	135,719	630,719				
2046	535,000	109,113	644,113				
2047	565,000	80,356	645,356				
2048	930,000	49,987	979,987				
Total	\$ 7,800,000	\$ 7,518,013	\$ 15,318,013				

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ending	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property	Mills L	evied for	Total Prop	erty ⁻	Taxes	Percent Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied	_	Collected	to Levied
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 1,810,900 1,793,670 1,953,570 4,415,980 4,241,350	50.000 50.000 10.000 8.000 8.000	0.000 0.000 40.000 40.000 40.000	\$ 90,545 89,684 97,679 211,967 203,585	\$	90,545 89,684 97,679 211,967 204,232	100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,							
2023	\$ 4,232,710	8.000	40.000	\$ 203,170			

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF ANNUAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF ANNUAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BONDS, SERIES 2019 DECEMBER 31, 2022

2022 Assessed and "Actual" Valuation of Classes of Property in the District

		Percent of		Percent of
	Assessed	Assessed	"Actual"	"Actual"
<u>Class</u>	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Commercial	\$ 3,763,570	77.57 %	\$ 12,977,836	77.04 %
State assessed	6,000	0.01	20,655	-
Vacant Land	463,140	22.42	1,597,088	22.96
Total	\$ 4,232,710	100.00 %	\$ 14,595,579	100.00 %

2022 Largest Taxpayers Within the District

		Percent of
	2022 Assessed	Total Assessed
<u>Name</u>	Valuation ¹	Valuation
Parker Hotel Investors LLC	\$ 2,850,670	67.35 %
BGN Ventures LTD	594,500	14.05
Nexgen Westcreek Holdings LLC	402,190	9.50
Buchtel Realty Investors Parker LLC	278,320	6.58
FR Extex LLC	30,270	0.72
7-Eleven INC	14,910	0.35
Dwellings LLC	14,600	0.34
Big 5 Sporting Goods	10,570	0.25
Total	\$ 4,196,030	99.14 %

¹ Based on the 2022 Lot by Lot report received from the county on March 1, 2023 with valuation of \$4,232,710

EXHIBIT 2

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAIN DISTRICT NO. 2 ANNUAL BUDGET FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SUMMARY 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL		ESTIMATED		В	UDGET
		2021		2022		2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$	682,613	\$	569,100	\$	532,222
REVENUES						
Property taxes		211,967		204,045		203,170
Specific ownership tax		20,442		17,690		18,286
Interest income		443		4,675		10,236
Transfers from Westcreek MD No. 1		110,029		196,650		203,823
Total revenues		342,881		423,060		435,515
Total funds available		1,025,494		992,160		967,737
EXPENDITURES						
General Fund		30,494		34,141		36,061
Debt Service Fund		425,900		425,797		425,790
Total expenditures		456,394		459,938		461,851
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		456,394		459,938		461,851
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	569,100	\$	532,222	\$	505,886
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	1 200	\$	1 200	\$	1 200
DEBT SERVICE RESERVE	Φ	1,200 322,678	Φ	1,200 322,678	Ф	1,200 322,678
SURPLUS RESERVE		322,070		186,332		158,711
RESERVE FOR FUTURE DEBT SERVICE		226,400		100,002		-
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	550,278	\$	510,210	\$	482,589
				•		

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

		ACTUAL	ES	TIMATED	E	BUDGET
		2021		2022		2023
ASSESSED VALUATION						
Commercial		3,977,450	3	3,777,810		3,763,570
State assessed		400		400		6,000
Vacant land		438,130		463,140		463,140
Certified Assessed Value	\$	4,415,980	\$ ²	1,241,350	\$	4,232,710
MILL LEVY						
General		8.000		8.000		8.000
Debt Service		40.000		40.000		40.000
Total mill levy		48.000		48.000		48.000
PROPERTY TAXES General	\$	35,328	\$	33,931	\$	33,862
Debt Service	Ψ	176,639	Ψ	169,654	Ψ	169,308
Levied property taxes Adjustments to actual/rounding		211,967 -		203,585 460		203,170
Budgeted property taxes	\$	211,967	\$	204,045	\$	203,170
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES General Fund Debt Service	\$	35,328 176,639	\$	34,008 170,037	\$	33,862 169,308
	\$	211,967	\$	204,045	\$	203,170

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	P	ACTUAL 2021	ES	TIMATED 2022	E	BUDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	11,741	\$	20,022	\$	23,212
REVENUES						
Property taxes		35,328		34,008		33,862
Specific ownership tax		3,407		2,948		3,048
Interest income		40		375		436
Total revenues		38,775		37,331		37,346
Total funds available		50,516		57,353		60,558
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
Accounting		13,956		17,000		18,000
Auditing		4,300		4,500		4,700
County Treasurer's fee		532		509		508
Dues and licenses		288		279		300
Insurance and bonds		2,140		2,140		2,300
Legal services		9,278		9,000		8,500
Election expense		-		713		1,000
Contingency		- 20 404		- 04 444		753
Total expenditures		30,494		34,141		36,061
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		30,494		34,141		36,061
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	20,022	\$	23,212	\$	24,497
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	1,200
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	1,200

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL		ESTIMATED		В	UDGET
		2021		2022		2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	670,872	\$	549,078	\$	509,010
REVENUES						
Property taxes		176,639		170,037		169,308
Specific ownership tax		17,035		14,742		15,238
Interest income		403		4,300		9,800
Transfer from Westcreek MD 1		110,029		196,650		203,823
Total revenues		304,106		385,729		398,169
Total funds available		974,978		934,807		907,179
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
County Treasurer's fee		2,650		2,547		2,540
Paying agent fees		4,000		4,000		4,000
Debt Service						
Bond interest		419,250		419,250		419,250
Total expenditures		425,900		425,797		425,790
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		425,900		425,797		425,790
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	549,078	\$	509,010	\$	481,389
DEBT SERVICE RESERVE SURPLUS RESERVE	\$	322,678	\$	322,678 186,332	\$	322,678 158,711
RESERVE FOR FUTURE DEBT SERVICE		226,400		-		, -
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	549,078	\$	509,010	\$	481,389

Services Provided

The District was organized by Court Order dated January 9, 2007, to provide financing for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation, and redevelopment of all powers of a metropolitan district as described in Colorado statutes and the Colorado Constitution except for certain limitations which have been placed upon fire protection and television relay and translation within the District's Service Plan. The District was organized in conjunction with Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1) (collectively the "Districts"). The District's service area is located entirely within the Town of Parker in Douglas County, Colorado.

On November 7, 2006, District voters approved authorization to increase property tax up to \$100,000, annually, as necessary, to pay for the operations and maintenance expenditures of the District and \$1,000,000, annually for intergovernmental agreements. Debt authorization was approved in the amount of \$12,000,000 for the above listed facilities, \$2,000,000 for refunding debt, and \$2,000,000 for the cost of operating and maintaining the District's systems. Additionally, amounts were authorized for intergovernmental contracts of \$2,000,000. The election also provided for intergovernmental agreements as multi-fiscal year obligations and allows the District to retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution or any other law. Additionally, on November 4, 2008, a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$105,000,000. This includes an additional \$15,000,000 each for streets, parks and recreation, water facilities, sanitation systems, transportation systems, safety protection and operations and maintenance. Debt authorization was also increased \$15,000,000 for refunding debt as well as \$15,000,000 for intergovernmental agreements. However, within the service plan for the District, the total debt that the District is permitted to issue shall not exceed \$1,900,000. The service plan limits the mill levy to 50.000 mills less the number of mills necessary to pay operations and maintenance expenses and less the number of mills necessary to pay unlimited mill levy debt.

The District approved the first amendment to the service plan and the first amendment to the Intergovernmental Agreement with the Town of Parker on January 24, 2011. According to the amended service plan, the District will issue bonds to finance the infrastructure that will benefit both District No. 1 and the District, and District No. 1 will pledge the revenue derived from its debt service mill levy and other revenue sources to the District. The total aggregate principal amount of debt permitted between the Districts shall not exceed \$7,800,000. Additionally, the service plan amendment for the District states that for the portion of any aggregate District debt which exceeds 50% of the District's assessed valuation, the maximum debt mill levy for such portion of debt shall be 50 mills less the number of mills necessary to pay operations and maintenance expenses and less the number of mills necessary to pay unlimited mill levy debt subject to changes in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation. The amendment also says that in no event shall any inclusions of property into or out of District No. 1 or the District result in the imposition of a maximum debt mill levy in excess of 35 mills on residential property and 50 mills on commercial property. With the exception of one parcel of land,

Services Provided – (continued)

District No. 1 will be solely residential. The District will comprise the remainder of the development and will be solely commercial.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

Revenues

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District

Senate Bill 21-293 among other things, designates multi-family residential real property (defined generally, as property that is a multi-structure of four or more units) as a new subclass of residential real property. For tax collection year 2023, the assessment rate for single family residential property decreases to 6.95% from 7.15%. The rate for multifamily residential property, the newly created subclass, decreases to 6.80% from 7.15%. Agricultural and renewable energy production property decreases to 26.4% from 29.0%. Producing oil and gas remains at 87.5%. All other nonresidential property stays at 29%.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District.

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 9% of the property taxes collected.

Revenues (Continued)

Net Investment Income

Interest earned on the District's available funds has been estimated based on an average interest rate of approximately 2%.

Expenditures

Administrative and Operating Expenditures

Administrative and operating expenditures include the estimated services necessary to maintain the District's administrative viability such as legal, management, accounting, insurance, banking, and meeting expense.

County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's fees have been computed at 1.5% of property tax collections.

Debt and Leases

The District has outstanding the following bond issues:

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A. The District issued the Series 2019A Bonds on April 3, 2019, in the par amount of \$7,800,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2019A Bonds were applied to: (a) pay for a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and installing certain public improvements; (b) fund the Reserve Fund; (c) fund capitalized interest; and (d) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds.

The Series 2019A Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.375% and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing June 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2024. The Series 2019A Bonds mature on December 1, 2048.

To the extent the principal of any Series 2019A Bond is not paid when due, such principal will remain outstanding until paid and continue to bear interest at the rate borne by the Series 2019A Bond, subject to discharge on December 1, 2060.

To the extent interest is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1. The District shall not be obligated to pay more than the amount permitted by law and its electoral authorization in repayment of the Series 2019A Bonds.

Debt and Leases (continued)

The Series 2019A Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
June 1, 2024, to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025, to May 31, 2026	
June 1, 2026, to May 31, 2027	1.00
June 1, 2027, and thereafter	0.00

Pursuant to the Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio and that would generate Property Tax Revenues which, together with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, will be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds (less any amounts on deposit in the Series 2019A Bond Fund and, solely to the extent provided in the Indenture, the Surplus Fund and the Reserve Fund) and to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, but not in excess of 50 mills (Adjusted) less the Administrative Expenses Deduction.

For so long as the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount or any portion of the Surplus Fund is taken into account in determining the mill levy that would be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, the District Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 40 mills (Adjusted), or such lesser amount that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio which, if imposed by the District for collection in the succeeding calendar year, would, together with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, generate Property Tax Revenues (A) sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement, and to fully fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount, or (B) which, when combined with the Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues and with moneys in the Bond Fund, the Surplus Fund, and the Reserve Fund, will pay the Series 2019A Bonds in full in the year such levy is collected.

Pursuant to a Senior Capital Pledge Agreement by and among the District, Westcreek District No. 1 (District No. 1 or the Taxing District), and the Trustee (the Senior Pledge Agreement), District No. 1 has covenanted to impose an ad valorem mill levy upon all taxable property of District No. 1 each year in an amount determined by the District that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio and that would generate Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenues, which, together with the District Property Tax Revenues, will be equal to the Annual

Debt and Leases (continued)

Financing Costs, but not in excess of 35 mills (Adjusted) less the Administrative Expenses Deduction.

For so long as the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount (or to the extent otherwise required by any Additional Senior Obligation document to fund Financing Costs) or any portion of the Surplus Fund is taken into account in determining the mill levy that would be sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds, the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy shall be equal to 30 mills (Adjusted), or such lesser amount determined by the District that maintains the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio, which together with the District Property Tax Revenue, would generate Taxing District Senior Property Tax Revenue sufficient (A) (i) to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2019A Bonds and any Additional Senior Obligations, (ii) to replenish the Reserve Fund to the Reserve Requirement and to replenish any reserve fund securing Additional Senior Obligations to the amount required by the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, and (iii) to fully fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount and to fund any other surplus fund securing Additional Senior Obligations to the amount required by the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, or (B) when combined with moneys then on deposit in the Series 2019A Bond Fund, the Reserve Fund, and the Surplus Fund, and any similar funds available and securing Additional Senior Obligations in accordance with the applicable Additional Senior Obligation Document, will pay the Series 2019A Bonds and such Additional Senior Obligations in full in the year such mill levy is collected.

Pursuant to the Indenture, the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio means the relationship of the District Required Mill Levy and the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy imposed by the District and the Taxing District, respectively, vis a vis each other represented by the imposition of 40 mills (Gallagher-Adjusted) by the District and 30 mills (Adjusted) by the Taxing District (i.e., a ratio of 40 (Adjusted as necessary for the District): 30 (Adjusted as necessary for the Taxing District)). As a result of the reduction in the residential assessment ratio for the 2017 mill levy year, the Relative Required Mill Levy Ratio, as adjusted pursuant to the definition of the Taxing District Senior Required Mill Levy, is 33.166 mills for the Taxing District and 40.000 mills for the District as of the date of issuance of the Series 2019A Bonds.

Principal and interest payments in 2021 are provided based on a proposed debt amortization schedule for the anticipated 2019A Bonds.

The District has no operating or capital leases.

Reserve Funds

Emergency Reserve

The District has provided for an Emergency Reserve equal to at least 3% of the fiscal year spending for 2023, defined under TABOR.

Reserve Funds (continued)

Debt Service Reserves

The District maintains a Debt Service Reserve as required with the issuance of the 2019A Bonds.

The District maintains a Debt Service Surplus fund with a maximum of \$780,000 as required with the issuance of the 2019A Bonds.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

WESTCREEK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

\$7,800,000.00

General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Dated April 3, 2019

Interest Series 2019A

Bonds and

Maturing

Interest Rate of 5.375%

in the	Interest Due June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1					
Year Ending	ı		ncıpa		er 1	Tatal
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	-	\$	419,250	\$	419,250
2024		100,000		419,250		519,250
2025		105,000		413,875		518,875
2026		120,000		408,231		528,231
2027		130,000		401,781		531,781
2028		145,000		394,794		539,794
2029		155,000		387,000		542,000
2030		170,000		378,669		548,669
2031		180,000		369,531		549,531
2032		200,000		359,856		559,856
2033		215,000		349,106		564,106
2034		235,000		337,550		572,550
2035		250,000		324,919		574,919
2036		275,000		311,481		586,481
2037		290,000		296,700		586,700
2038		315,000		281,113		596,113
2039		330,000		264,181		594,181
2040		360,000		246,444		606,444
2041		380,000		227,094		607,094
2042		415,000		206,669		621,669
2043		435,000		184,363		619,363
2044		470,000		160,981		630,981
2045		495,000		135,719		630,719
2046		535,000		109,113		644,113
2047		565,000		80,356		645,356
2048		930,000		49,988		979,988
	\$	7,800,000	\$	7,518,013	\$	15,318,013

EXHIBIT 3

20____ SPECIAL DISTRICT "TRANSPARENCY NOTICE"

Notice to Electors 32-1-809 C.R.S.

Legal Name of	
Special District:	

This information must be provided¹ annually to the eligible electors of the district between November 16 and January 15.

Address and telephone number of district's principal business office		
Name and telephone of manager or other primary contact person for district		
Email address of primary contact (Optional)		
District's website address (Required if choosing to post meeting notices online per HB 19-1087)		
Time and place designated for regular board meetings [per C.R.S. 32-1-903]		
Posting place designated for meeting Notice [per C.R.S. 24-6-402(2)(c)]		
	(1) Board Chair Name: Contact Info: This office included on next regular election ballot for a Two-year termFour-year term	(2) Name: Contact Info: This office included on next regular election ballot for a Two-year termFour-year term
Names and Contact Information of Board Members Check applicable boxes for a Board Member whose seat will be on the ballot at the next regular election.	(3) Name: Contact Info: This office included on next regular election ballot for a Two-year term Four-year term	(4) Name:
	(5) Name: Contact Info: □This office included on next regular election ballot for a	
	□Two-year term □Four-year term	
For seven-member boards	(6) Name: Contact Info: □This office included on next regular	(7) Name: Contact Info: □This office included on next regular
	election ballot for a □Two-year term □Four-year term	election ballot for a □Two-year term □Four-year term

Date of next regular	election		May	_, 20				
	Self-nomination forms to be a candidate for district board member may be obtained from and should be returned to the Designated Election Official (or Board Chair or Secretary if no DEO). [per C.R.S. 1-13.5-303]							
Self-nomination form	s for the next regul	ar election must	be received by	the district by:				
		, 20, n	o later than _	: PM.				
Applications for abserveturned to the Desig				s are available from and must be				
Designated Election	n Official:							
Contact	Address:							
Conta	ct Phone:		_					
District election res be posted on these v				Department of Local Affairs https://dola.colorado.gov/lgis				
District Mill Levy		mills, for collect	ion in 20					
Total ad valorem tax received in the previous (note if unaudited or other incomplete)	ous year ς		_					
File copy of this N	Notice with:							
		-		wholly or partially located				
	or of each county in			,				
	rer of each county		-	•				
		-		ict is wholly or partially located				
	ning body of any mu		h the district is	s wholly located				
	n of Local Governm		chall be availa	able for public inspection				
		ss office where it	Silall De availa	able for public inspection				
a) Mail Notice Districts wit		ehold where one or mess may combine maile	ore eligible electo	ors of the special district resides (Note: as the information regarding each district is				
information c) Post Notice (<u>http://ww</u>	card or other Notice of on district's official wel w.colorado.gov/dola) w	election, or other inf bsite (Note: You must ith the address of you	ormational mailing also provide the D r district's website	nsert, billing statement, letter, voter g sent by the district to the eligible electors; Division of Local Government e in order to establish a link on the DLG's				
d) Post Notice	use our Contact Update on website of the Speci nember. Send Notice to	al District Association	of Colorado (http:	://www.sdaco.org) (Note: Your district must				
e) For a specia population o special distr	al district with less than of less than thirty thous rict and, in addition, pos district is located. Such	one thousand eligible and, posting the Notic sting a Notice in the o	electors that is where in at least three ffice of the County	, or wholly located within a county with a e public places within the limits of the y Clerk and Recorder of the county in which uesday succeeding the first Monday of the				